Claims:

- 1. 65 (cancelled)
- 66. (original) A wavelength selective optical device, comprising
- a silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion; and
 - a filter coupled to the superlattice.
 - 67. (original) An optical switch, comprising:
- a silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion; and
 - an optical waveguide.
 - 68. (original) An optical device, comprising:
- a silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion;
 - a silicon containing layer positioned on a surface of the superlattice; and at least one transistor positioned on a surface of the silicon containing layer.
 - 69. (original) A nonlinear optical device comprising:
- a plurality of adjacent silicon based superlattice structures including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion:

wherein each adjacent superlattice structure is gown in an alternating fashion to create a periodic variation in a refractive index

- 70. (cancelled)
- 71. (original) An optical receiver, comprising:
- at least one p-doped layer;
- at least one n-doped layer;
- a silicon based superlattice positioned between the at least one p-doped layer and the at least one n-doped layer; the silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at

least one rare earth ion; and

at least two electrodes coupled to the at least one p-doped layer and the at least one n-doped layer of p-doped layer.

- 72. (original) The receiver of claim 71, wherein at least one p-doped layer and the at least one n-doped layer are made substantially of silicon.
 - 73. (original) A semiconductor edge-emitting laser,

first and second reflectors defining a resonator;

a silicon based superlattice positioned between the first and second reflectors, the silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion;

a confinement region that includes at least two electrodes.

- 74. (original) The laser of claim 73, further comprising: cleaved or etched facets.
- 75. (original) The laser of claim 73, wherein the confinement region is positioned in a direction substantially parallel to an optical output direction of the laser.
 - 76. (original) A laser assembly, comprising:

first and second reflectors defining a laser resonator;

- a silicon based superlattice positioned between the first and second reflectors, the silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, wherein at least one of the layers is an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion; wherein the repeating units are periodic, and a period and composition of the repeating units is selected to produce a desired output wavelength.
- 77. (original) The assembly of claim 76, wherein the first reflector is a distributed Bragg reflector.
 - 78. (original) The assembly of claim 76, further comprising: an optical amplifier.
 - 79. (original) A vertical cavity surface emitting semiconductor laser, comprising: first and second reflectors defining a resonator;
 - a silicon based superlattice positioned between the first and second reflectors and

confined to a substantially circular region whose diameter matches a single mode diameter of the laser, the silicon based superlattice including a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion and the repeating units are periodic, with a period and composition of the repeating units selected to produce a desired output wavelength.

80. (original) The laser of claim 79, wherein the first reflector is a distributed Bragg reflector.

81. - 104. (cancelled)

105. (original) A photonic device, comprising:

a silicon based superlattice with a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion, wherein at least a portion of the superlattice is made of substantially Group III-V or II-VI materials

106. (original) A structure for efficient excitation or de-excitation mechanisms of crystal field engineered rare-earth silicon-based superlattice, comprising:

a silicon semiconductor based superlattice that includes a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an optically active layer with at least one species of rare earth ion;

a first layer of semiconductor materials, and

a second layer of semiconductor materials, wherein the superlattice is sandwiched between the first and second layers and the first and second layers each have a wider bandgap than the superlattice.

107. (cancelled)

108. (original) A silicon semiconductor based superlattice, comprising:

a silicon based superlattice with a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion, wherein the superlattice forms a portion of a heterojunction bipolar transistor.

109. (original) A silicon semiconductor based superlattice, comprising:

a silicon based superlattice with a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion,

wherein at least a portion of the plurality of layers are interleaved with a plurality of quantum wells.

110. (original) An electrically pumped amplifier, comprising:

a silicon based superlattice with a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion, wherein the layers are ultra-thin epitaxial layers.

- 111. (cancelled)
- 112. (original) A bipolar transistor, comprising:

a collector including a silicon based superlattice with a plurality of layers that form a plurality of repeating units, at least one of the layers being an active region layer with at least one rare earth ion, wherein the superlattice has a miniband injector as an emitter region.

113. (cancelled)